BRAC’s Ultra-Poor Program
Graduation in the longer term

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returns to the program depend on how long lived benefits are

- costs in PPP discounted to year 4: $1363
- cumulative consumption gains at year 4: $788
if benefits last forever
benefit/cost ratio is 5.4
if benefits evaporate after 4 years
benefit/cost ratio is 0.8
finding beneficiaries 7 years later

- we fielded a follow-up survey in 2014
- we track 93% of the beneficiaries
- we use these to describe long term trends
- informs cost benefit analysis and sustainability of the program
part I: long vs short term effects
Expenditure on non-durables

Yearly changes in expenditure on non-durables after 2, 4 and 7 years (USD)

- Treatment
- Control
Expenditure on durables

Yearly changes in expenditure on durables after 2, 4 and 7 years

- Treatment
- Control
Productive assets

Yearly changes in productive assets after 2, 4 and 7 years (USD)

- **Treatment**
- **Control**
Access to land

Yearly changes in share with access to land after 2, 4 and 7 years

- **Treatment**
- **Control**
part II: closing the gaps
Ultra-poor/middle class gap: non-durable expenditure

Baseline: 7 years
Ultra-poor/middle class gap: durable expenditure
Ultra-poor/middle class gap: savings
Ultra-poor/middle class gap: productive assets

Baseline: 0
7 years: 7
Ultra-poor/middle class gap: livestock value
Ultra-poor/middle class gap: business asset value

Baseline vs 7 years
Ultra-poor/middle class gap: land value

Baseline

7 years