

Commission on **State Fragility, Growth and Development**

London, LSE

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#FragilityCommission



Deep causes	Symptoms	Empirical proxies	Consequences	Remedies/ Solution	Feasible policy response recognising constraints
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Endowments • Polarisation • Culture/History 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Lack of legitimacy 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Trust in government • Attitudes of compliance (reciprocal state-citizen relationship) 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Low compliance with state: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Low tax ▪ Low state capacity ▪ Reforms misinterpreted ▪ Corruption 	<p>State</p>	
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Lack of capacity 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • State effectiveness 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Poor state services • Poor infrastructure 		
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Lack of security 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Non-state violence • State repression 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Disorder • Displacement • Fear of above 		
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Lack of private investments 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Private investment/GDP • FDI • Few formal firms/Population 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Slow growth • Low private formal employment 	<p>Society</p>	
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Big shocks • Weak cushions • Low resilience 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Terms of trade, coups • Financial depth, Checks & balances • Famine, Displacement 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • High risk • Unpredictable risk 		

% of world population that is forcibly displaced

